## **Positive Parenting Tips: Middle Childhood**

## *This podcast is presented by the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention. CDC – safer, healthier people.*

Middle childhood brings many changes. Between the ages of 6 and 8 years, children can dress themselves, catch a ball more easily with only their hands, and tie their shoes. Developing independence from family becomes increasingly important. Events such as starting school bring children this age into regular contact with the larger world. Friendships start to become important. Physical, social, and mental skills develop rapidly. This is a critical time for children to develop confidence in all areas of life through friends, schoolwork, and sports.

Here are some positive ways to help the development of your 6 to 8 year old:

- Show affection for your child. Recognize her accomplishments.
- Help your child develop a sense of responsibility. Ask him to help with household tasks, such as setting the table.
- Talk with your child about school, friends, and things she looks forward to in the future.
- Talk with your child about respecting others. Encourage him to help people in need.
- Help your child set her own achievable goals. She'll learn to take pride in herself and rely less on approval or reward from others.
- Make clear rules and stick to them, such as how long your child can watch TV or when he has to go to bed. Be clear about what behavior is okay and what is not okay.
- Help your child learn patience by letting others go first or by finishing a task before going out to play. Encourage him to think about possible consequences before acting.
- Do fun things together as a family, such as playing games, reading, and going to community events.
- Get involved with your child's school. Meet the teachers and staff. Understand the learning goals and how you and the school can work together to help your child do well.
- As your child learns to read, take turns reading to each other.
- Use discipline to guide and protect your child. Avoid punishment that makes her feel badly about herself.
- Support your child in taking on new challenges. Encourage him to solve problems, such as a disagreement with another child.

Between the ages of 9 and 11, your child's growing independence from the family and increased interest in friends might be obvious. Healthy friendships are very important to your child's development, but peer pressure can become strong during this time. Children who feel good about themselves are more able to resist negative peer pressure and make better choices for themselves. This is an important time for children to gain a sense of responsibility along with their growing independence. Also, physical changes of puberty might begin to show, especially for girls. Another big change children need to prepare for during this time is starting middle or junior high school. You can help your child become independent, while building his or her sense of responsibility and self-confidence at the same time.

Here are some positive ways to help the development of your 9 to 11 year old:

- Spend time with your child. Talk with her about her friends, her accomplishments, and what challenges she will face.
- Get involved with your child's school. Go to school events; meet your child's teachers.
- Encourage your child to join school and community groups, such as a team sport, or to take advantage of volunteer opportunities.
- Help your child develop his own sense of right and wrong. Talk with him about risky things friends may pressure him to do, like smoking or dangerous physical dares.
- Help your child develop a sense of responsibility. Involve him in household tasks. Talk to him about saving and spending money wisely.
- Meet the families of your child's friends.
- Talk with your child about respecting others. Encourage your child to help people in need. Talk with her about what to do when others aren't kind or are disrespectful.
- Help your child set his own goals. Encourage him to think about skills and abilities he would like to have and about how to develop them.
- Make clear rules and stick to them. Talk to your child about what you expect from her when no adults are supervising. If you provide reasons for rules, it will help your child know what to do in those situations.
- Use discipline to guide and protect your child. Avoid punishment that makes him feel badly about himself.
- Talk with your child about the normal physical and emotional changes of puberty.
- Encourage your child to read every day. Talk with her about her homework.
- Be affectionate and honest with your child, and do things together as a family.

To learn more about child development, visit <u>www.cdc.gov</u>.

For the most accurate health information, visit <u>www.cdc.gov</u> or call 1-800-CDC-INFO 24/7.